

For best results editing this document in Microsoft Word, remove these paragraphs and immediately save this document (File/Save As) in the default Word Document format.

The Spanish and Hmong statements below are included in the generated CCR to promote readership by non-English speaking people that either reside or work in your community. These are translations of the following statement:

This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you or talk to someone who understands it.

These statements must remain in your CCR unless you can document that no more than 5 percent of your consumers are non-English speaking. If you choose to remove these statements, documentation that demonstrates this shall be submitted to your DNR Rep along with a copy of the CCR and the CCR Certification Page.

2025 Consumer Confidence Report Data EVANSVILLE WATERWORKS, PWS ID: 15400473

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, o hable con alguien que lo entienda.

Dlaim ntawv tshaabzu nuav muaj lug tseemceeb heev nyob rua huv kws has txug cov dlej mej haus. Kuas ib tug paab txhais rua koj, los nrug ib tug kws paub lug thaam.

Water System Information

If you would like to know more about the information contained in this report, please contact Pat Hartin at (608) 882-2288.

Opportunity for input on decisions affecting your water quality

Last tuesday of every month

Health Information

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's safe drinking water hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune systems disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Environmental Protection Agency's safe drinking water hotline (800-426-4791).

Source(s) of Water

Source ID	Source	Depth (in feet)	Status
1	Groundwater	1014	Active
2	Groundwater	995	Active
3	Groundwater	900	Active

To obtain a summary of the source water assessment please contact, Pat Hartin at (608) 882-2288.

Educational Information

The sources of drinking water, both tap water and bottled water, include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally- occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff and septic systems.

- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which shall provide the same protection for public health.

Definitions

Term	Definition
AL	Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
HA and HAL	HA: Health Advisory. An estimate of acceptable drinking water levels for a chemical substance based on health effects information. HAL: Health Advisory Level is a concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice. Health Advisories are determined by US EPA.
HI	HI: Hazard Index: A Hazard Index is used to assess the potential health impacts associated with mixtures of contaminants. Hazard Index guidance for a class of contaminants or mixture of contaminants may be determined by the US EPA or Wisconsin Department of Health Services. If a Health Index is exceeded a system may be required to post a public notice.
Level 1 Assessment	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine, if possible, why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine, if possible, why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system, or both, on multiple occasions.
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MFL	million fibers per liter
MRDL	Maximum residual disinfectant level: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MRDLG	Maximum residual disinfectant level goal: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs

Term	Definition
	do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
mrem/year	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
pCi/l	picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
ppm	parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)
ppb	parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l)
ppt	parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter
ppq	parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter
PHGS	PHGS: Public Health Groundwater Standards are found in NR 140 Groundwater Quality. The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice.
RPHGS	RPHGS: Recommended Public Health Groundwater Standards: Groundwater standards proposed by the Wisconsin Department of Health Services. The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice.
SMCL	Secondary drinking water standards or Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. The SMCLs do not represent health standards.
TCR	Total Coliform Rule
TT	Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Detected Contaminants

Your water was tested for many contaminants last year. We are allowed to monitor for some contaminants less frequently than once a year. The following tables list only those contaminants which were detected in your water. If a contaminant was detected last year, it will appear in the following tables without a sample date. If the contaminant was not monitored last year, but was detected within the last 5 years, it will appear in the tables below along with the sample date.

Disinfection Byproducts

Contaminant (units)	Site	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
HAA5 (ppb)	D-1	60	60	0	0		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Contaminant (units)	Site	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
TTHM (ppb)	D-1	80	0	1.7	1.7		No	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Inorganic Contaminants

Contaminant (units)	Site	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
BARIUM (ppm)		2	2	0.036	0.024 - 0.036	2/27/2023	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
FLUORIDE (ppm)		4	4	0.6	0.1 - 0.6	2/27/2023	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
NICKEL (ppb)		100		1.2300	0.0000 - 1.2300	2/21/2023	No	Nickel occurs naturally in soils, ground water and surface waters and is often used in electroplating, stainless steel and alloy products.
SODIUM (ppm)		n/a	n/a	4.68	2.77 - 4.68	2/27/2023	No	n/a

Contaminant (units)	Action Level	MCLG	90th Percentile Level Found	Range	# of Results	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
COPPER (ppm)	AL=1.3	1.3	0.7730	0.0420 - 1.5500	1 of 21 results were above the action level.	7/13/2023	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
LEAD (ppb)	AL=15	0	6.33	0.00 - 17.60	1 of 21 results were above the action level.	7/1/2023	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Radioactive Contaminants

Contaminant (units)	Site	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
GROSS BETA PARTICLE ACTIVITY (pCi/l)		n/a	n/a	1.9	1.7 - 2.1		No	Decay of natural and man-made deposits. MCL units are in millirem/year. Calculation for compliance with MCL is not possible unless level found is greater than 50 pCi/l.
GROSS ALPHA, EXCL. R & U (pCi/l)		15	0	8.9	7.1 - 10.3		No	Erosion of natural deposits

Contaminant (units)	Site	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
RADIUM, (226 + 228) (pCi/l)		5	0	3.2	3.0 - 3.4		No	Erosion of natural deposits
GROSS ALPHA, INCL. R & U (n/a)		n/a	n/a	8.9	7.1 - 10.3		No	Erosion of natural deposits
COMBINED URANIUM (ug/l)		30	0	1.5	1.5	2/24/2022	No	Erosion of natural deposits

Contaminants with a Public Health Groundwater Standard, Health Advisory Level, or a Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level

The following table lists contaminants which were detected in your water and that have either a Public Health Groundwater Standard (PHGS), Health Advisory Level (HAL), or a Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL), or both. There are no violations for detections of contaminants that exceed Health Advisory Levels, Public Health Groundwater Standards or Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels. Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels are levels that do not present health concerns but may pose aesthetic problems such as objectionable taste, odor, or color. Public Health Groundwater Standards and Health Advisory Levels are levels at which concentrations of the contaminant present a health risk.

Contaminant (units)	Site	SMCL (ppm)	PHGS or HAL (ppm)	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Typical Source of Contaminant
MANGANESE (ppm)		0.05	0.3	0.11	0.08 - 0.13		Leaching from natural deposits

Health effects for any contaminants with MCL violations/Action Level Exceedances/SMCL exceedances/PHGS or HAL exceedances

Contaminant Health Effects

MANGANESE Waters containing manganese in quantities above the SMCL are not hazardous to health but may be objectionable for taste, odor, or color.

Additional Health Information

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Evansville Waterworks is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact Evansville Waterworks (Pat Hartin at (608) 882-2288). Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Additional Information on Service Line Materials

We developed an inventory of service lines connected to our distribution system. You can access the inventory by following these instructions: [Evansville ,WI.gov](http://www.evansvillewi.gov)

Other Compliance

Monitoring Violations

Description	Contaminant Group	Sample Location	Compliance Period Beginning	Compliance Period Ending
Chem M/R - Reg - No Regular samples	Radioactive Contaminants	200	10/1/2025	12/31/2025

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During the compliance period noted in the above table, we did not complete all monitoring or testing for the contaminant(s) noted, and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time.

Actions Taken

Talk to lab and dnr

Violation of the Terms of a Variance, Exemption, or Administrative or Judicial Order

Radium sample was not tested in time

STATE OF WISCONSIN
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
FITCHBURG SERVICE CENTER
3911 FISH HATCHERY RD
FITCHBURG WI 53711

Tony Evers, Governor
Karen Hyun, Ph.D.,
Secretary

Telephone 608-266-2621
Toll Free 1-888-936-7463
TTY Access via relay - 711



March 5, 2026

PWS ID: 15400473
PWS Type: MC - Rock County
Violation #: 125962765

LEAH HURTLEY - CLERK
EVANSVILLE WATERWORKS
31 S MADISON ST
PO BOX 529
EVANSVILLE WI 535361317

SUBJECT: **Notice of Noncompliance** - Failure to Perform Required Monitoring

Dear Leah Hurtley - Clerk:

Wisconsin's Safe Drinking Water regulation, s. NR 809.53, Wis. Adm. Code, requires that your public water system submit 1 quarterly compliance water sample(s) for radioactivity testing, and s. NR 809.80 requires these results to be reported to the Department. A review of Department records indicates your facility collected none of these samples between 10/1/2025 and 12/31/2025.

The Department believes you are currently in violation of s. NR 809.53, Wis. Adm. Code. To return to compliance, you must complete **one** of the following:

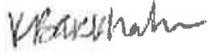
1. If you believe our records are in error and the sample(s) were collected between 10/1/2025 and 12/31/2025, please have the lab that performed the analysis electronically report the results to the DNR **within 10 days of the date of this letter**.
2. If the sample(s) were not collected between 10/1/2025 and 12/31/2025, **you must collect and have the lab electronically report the results for your required radioactivity compliance samples as soon as possible**. Failure to collect and report the required compliance samples within two weeks of the date of this letter may result in the Department initiating further enforcement actions.

The missed sample(s) are a monitoring violation, therefore you are required to provide notice to the public as stated in s. NR 809.953, Wis. Adm. Code. You must give the notice by 1/1/2027 by publication in a daily or weekly newspaper of general circulation in the area served by your system. If your area is not served by a daily or weekly newspaper, you may notice by hand delivery or direct mail to every customer served by your system or, with prior permission from the Department, by posting at several conspicuous locations for a minimum of 7 days in the area served by your system. You are required to provide public notice at least once every 12 months as long as the violation exists. If more than 5% of the population served by your system consists of non-English speaking consumers, the public notice must contain information in the appropriate language(s) regarding the importance of the notice and where to obtain more information in another language

A copy of your completed public notice and certification is due at this office within 10 days of posting. If you use the attached public notice you must fill in all the blanks and sign and date the certification at the bottom. If you use a different public notice, it must include the information required in s. NR 809.954, Wis. Adm. Code as well as a signed and dated certification statement similar to the one on the sample public notice.

For technical assistance or questions, please contact Lauren Belz at (608)800-2915 or lauren.belz@wisconsin.gov.

Sincerely,



Kim Barkhahn
Compliance Specialist
Bureau of Drinking Water & Groundwater
cc: Lauren Belz (DNR Rep) - Fitchburg Service Center (via email)
Eileen Pierce (District Supervisor) - Fitchburg Service Center (via email)



Outlook

Radiochemistry Sample Received 10/20/25

From Wouters, Jesse <Jesse.Wouters@slh.wisc.edu>
Date Mon 10/20/2025 3:06 PM
To Evansville Water <water@evansvillewi.gov>
Cc 'lauren.belz@wisconsin.gov' <lauren.belz@wisconsin.gov>

 1 attachment (565 KB)

Evansville Lab Submission Form.pdf;

You don't often get email from jesse.wouters@slh.wisc.edu. [Learn why this is important](#)

Hello,

This is Jesse Wouters from the Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygiene Radiochemistry Department. We received a sample from you for gross alpha beta and radium 226 + 228 analysis on 10/20/25 with a collection date of 10/10/25. Per EPA rules the sample has to be acidified within 5 days of collection – so if the date of 10/10/25 is correct we will need a new sample.

It was also noted on the lab submission form (attached) that the sample was a composite sample. If this was collected over 4 quarters there are special rules with composite samples. From the EPA website:

6.1 Compositing Samples

If deemed acceptable by the state, samples may be composited by the utility or the laboratory as an alternate sampling protocol, provided that all sample aliquots are properly preserved at the time of collection. Since the required compliance monitoring measurement is “total activity” samples are not filtered before preservation, as it must represent the maximum potential exposure from drinking water. Samples must be drawn on a quarterly basis and where compositing is not done by the laboratory, there must be documentation submitted with the composite sample detailing on what days each aliquot was obtained, its volume, and when it was preserved. A sample of the preservative should accompany the composited sample to the laboratory to determine the contribution of radioactivity, if any, from the addition of the preservative to the sample. Analysis of composite samples must be completed within one year after the first sample is collected or within normal holding times if the compositing period is less than 90 days. Where possible, the laboratory should be responsible for managing the compositing of samples.

Please let me know if you have any questions and feel free to email or call me at 608-224-6227.

Thank you!

Jesse Wouters

LEGAL DISCLAIMER: This message and all attachments may be confidential or protected by privilege. If you are not the intended recipient you are hereby notified that any disclosure, copying, distribution, or use of the information contained in or attached to this message is strictly prohibited. Please notify the

sender of the delivery error by replying to this message and then delete it from your system. Thank you.

2025-07-28

Dear Sir,

I am writing to you regarding the delivery error of the parcel.

The parcel was delivered to the wrong address.

I would appreciate it if you could help me track the parcel.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

[Name]

Dear Sir,

2025-07-28

I am writing to you regarding the delivery error of the parcel. The parcel was delivered to the wrong address. I would appreciate it if you could help me track the parcel. Thank you for your assistance.

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2025-07-28

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**IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER
Monitoring Requirements Not Met for EVANSVILLE WATERWORKS**

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. Between 10/1/2025 and 12/31/2025, we did not monitor for **radioactivity** contaminants, and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time.

What precautions should be taken at this time?

There are no special precautions you need to take at this time. However, it is important to remember that the quality of your drinking water is not known at this time.

What was the cause of the missed monitoring requirements?

A Lab didn't test, the Radio Activity. on time
do to miss place sample.

What is being done to correct the problem?

New rules

When will the problem be resolved?

New Equipment was installed

If you have questions regarding the safety of our drinking water, please contact:

<u>PAT HARTIN</u>	<u>608-882-2288</u>		
Name of Responsible Person	Area Code-Telephone Number		
<u>15 Old Hwy 92</u>	<u>EVANSVILLE</u>	<u>WI</u>	<u>53536</u>
Street Address	City	State	Zip

I certify that the information and statements contained in this public notice are true and correct and have been provided to consumers in accordance with the delivery, content, format, and deadline requirements in Subchapter VII of ch. NR 809, Wis. Adm. Code.

PAT HARTIN 3-5-26
Signature Date

**Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

TDS = not taken before acid addition 9/10/2025
Acidified 102025 14/44 HNO₃ = 10866

DNR Drinking Water Program
South Central Region
3911 Fish Hatchery Rd
Fitchburg WI 53711

RADIOACTIVITY ANALYSES

(ENCLOSE FORM WHEN SENDING SAMPLE TO LAB)

Public Water Supply
Form Number: 6804
Revision: 20240105
Generated: 1/23/2025

Section I: System Information (to be completed by Department of Natural Resources/SAMPLER)

System Name: **EVANSVILLE WATERWORKS** PWS ID: **15400473**

DNR Contact: **LAUREN BELZ (608)800-2915** Region: **1** Type: **MC**

System Address: City: **EVANSVILLE** County: **ROCK**

Entry Point ID: **200** WI Unique Well No: Note: **System Chlorinates.**

Sampler Contact Info: (Notify DNR Contact of Corrections) (608)882-2288 PAT HARTIN 31 S MADISON ST PO BOX 529 EVANSVILLE WI 53536	Sampler: (Leave Blank If You Don't Use These Services) Provide information to have results faxed or emailed or to change a billing address, if your lab offers these services Fax Number: Email: Billing Address:
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Sample Source: (Location) W - Well Source X E - Entry Point D - Distribution System	Sample Type: (Check Only One) G - Grab Sample C - Confirmation Sample I - Investigation Sample W - Raw Water Sample X D - Composite Sample (collect over 4 quarters)
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Special Instructions:

Collect Sample between: **10/1/2025** and **12/31/2025**

Section II: Sample Information (to be completed by SAMPLER -- ALL ITEMS REQUIRED)

Sample Collection Date(s):

Grab or Composite 1st Qtr:	/ /	Time:	:	<input type="checkbox"/> a.m. <input type="checkbox"/> p.m.
Composite 2nd Qtr:	/ /	Time:	:	<input type="checkbox"/> a.m. <input type="checkbox"/> p.m.
Composite 3rd Qtr:	/ /	Time:	:	<input type="checkbox"/> a.m. <input type="checkbox"/> p.m.
Composite 4th Qtr:	10/11/2025	Time:	8:30	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a.m. <input type="checkbox"/> p.m.

Address where sample was collected: **196 South 10th Ave**

Monitoring Site ID: **200** Sample Tap Location (e.g. kitchen sink): **Sample Tap**

First Initial and Last Name of Sampler: **P. Hartin** Sampler Phone:

Section III: To be completed by LAB. Report results on back for PWS and electronically to DNR within 10 days per NR 809.80

Check here if some or all of the parameters were analyzed by a subcontracted lab.

NOTE: A separate form must be completed by each lab with data for only the parameters which that lab analyzed.

Laboratory ID: Laboratory Name:

Date Sample Received: / / Time: : Lab Sample ID:

Signature of Receiving Lab Official: Date Reported to PWS: / /

Condition of Sample Upon Receipt:

<0.5mR/hr Date **10/20/25**
SN: 140215 Time **12:39**

10/20/25 12:39
200



This form must be submitted with laboratory samples analyzed to determine compliance with ch. NR 809, Wis. Adm. Code, Safe E of this form or a similar form approved by the Department is mandatory. Failure to submit a completed form to the Department by a forfeiture of no less than \$10 nor more than \$5000, or by a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$100 or imprisonment of both. Each day of continued violation is a separate offense (ss. 144.99, Wis. Stats.). Authorization for these requirement is under ss. and ch. NR 809.80. Personally identifiable information on this form will be used for no other purpose. Reference Requirement #11

10/20/25 12:39
15400473



RADIOACTIVITY ANALYSES System Name: **EVANSVILLE WATERWORKS**

To be completed by the laboratory performing analysis. PWS ID: **15400473** Lab Sample ID:

Storet Code	Parameter	SDWA Method	MDL	Results	MCL	Units
99971 X	GROSS ALPHA, EXCLUDING URANIUM & RADON				15	PCI/L
* 1501 X	GROSS ALPHA, INCLUDING URANIUM & RADON					PCI/L
3501	GROSS BETA				50.0	PCI/L
9501	RADIUM 226				5	PCI/L
11501 X	RADIUM-228, TOTAL				5	PCI/L
11503 X	RADIUM 226 + 228 TOTAL				5	PCI/L
82303	RADON-222, TOTAL IN WATER					PCI/L
13501	STRONTIUM 90, TOTAL				8.0	PCI/L
7005	TRITIUM DISS PCI/L				20000	PCI/L
22706	URANIUM TOTAL				30	UG/L

***If Gross Alpha Including Uranium & Radon > 5 pCi/L, Radium-226 must also be reported.**

If Gross Alpha Including Uranium & Radon > 15 pCi/L, Uranium must also be reported.

Approved By: QA Officer:

Date:

Laboratory Manager:

Date:

Comments: